

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

December 31, 2023 (With Summarized Financial Information as of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

<u>CONTENTS</u> December 31, 2023

	raye
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-13
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis	14
Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis	15
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis to the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis to the Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis	19
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Funds	22
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Fiduciary Funds	23
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Fiduciary Funds	24
Notes to Financial Statements	25-47

	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplemental Information Other than MD&A:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Modified Cash Basis – General Fund	48-49
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Modified Cash Basis – Road and Bridge Fund	50
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Pension Plan	51
Schedule of Contributions – Pension Plan	52
COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Modified Cash Basis – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	53-54
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Modified Cash Basis – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	55-56
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
Combining Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	57
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	58
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	59
Fiduciary Funds:	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Fiduciary Funds	60
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Modified Cash Basis – Fiduciary Funds	61
INTERNAL CONTROL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major State Program and on	62-63
Internal Control over Compliance Required by The State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards	64-65
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	66
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	67
Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	68
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards	68



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June 14, 2024

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Comprising the Commissioner's Court of Scurry County, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business—type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Scurry County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, business—type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Scurry County, Texas, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, modified cash basis cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Emphasis of Matter – Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions concerning this matter have not been modified.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in **Note 1** and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to express an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management and the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable time.

We must communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule – modified cash basis – general fund and budgetary comparison schedule – modified cash basis – road and bridge fund, and schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios – pension plan and schedule of contributions – pension plan, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Although not a part of the basic financial statements, such information is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted to form opinions on the financial statements comprising the County's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements and schedule of expenditures of state awards, as required by the *Texas Grant Management Standards* are presented for additional analysis. They are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and schedule of expenditures of state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, concerning the basic financial statements as a whole.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the County's 2022 financial statements and expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 14, 2024, on our consideration of Scurry County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Scurry County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

Condley and Company, L.L.P.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Required Supplementary Information

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

December 31, 2023

Our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, within the limitations of the County's modified cash basis of accounting. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements that begin on page 14.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 as applicable to the County's modified cash basis of accounting.

Report Components

This annual report consists of five parts as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the County government-wide (or "as a whole") and present a longer-term view of the County's finances.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements focus on the individual parts of the County government. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant ("major") funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. For proprietary activities, these statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the county operates, such as businesses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanations and details regarding the information reported in the statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Management's discussion and analysis, the general fund, road and bridge fund, budgetary comparison schedule, and pension-related schedules represent financial information required by GASB to be presented. Such information provides users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

Other Supplementary Information

This part of the annual report includes optional financial information such as combining statements for nonmajor funds (which are added together and shown in the fund financial statements in a single column) and the schedule of expenditures of state awards, as required by the Texas Grant Management Standards, is also presented. This other supplemental financial information addresses certain specific needs of various users of the County's annual report.

Basis of Accounting

The County has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Basis of accounting refers to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows. Under the County's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows are

recorded when they result from cash transactions, except for the recording of depreciation expense on capital assets, long-term debt, and deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for proprietary fund activities, and certain assets and liabilities on an accrual basis.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and deferred inflows and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should consider the limitations resulting from using the modified cash basis of accounting.

Reporting the County as a Whole

The County's Reporting Entity Presentation

This annual report includes all activities for which the County is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the County's reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that comprise the primary government.

The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our financial analysis of the County as a whole begins on page 14. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 14 through 16. One of the most important questions asked about the County's finances is, "Is the County as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the County as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all of the County's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows resulting from using the modified cash basis of accounting.

These two statements report the county's net positions and changes. Considering the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of the County's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows - as one way to measure the County's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position indicates whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the County's sales tax base and the condition of the County's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the County.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the County into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities. Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including the sheriff, general administration, streets, parks, and senior citizens. Property and sales taxes, charges for services, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities. The County charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Hermleigh Water Works, Scurry County Emergency Medical Services, Scurry County Golf Course, and Scurry County Airport funds are reported here.

Reporting the County's Most Significant Funds

The Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds of the County as a whole. Some funds must be established by State law and bond covenants. However, the County establishes certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it meets legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The County's three kinds of funds – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are

available for spending. These funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent soon to finance the County's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in reconciliations on pages 17 and 19. The County considers the general fund, the road and bridge fund, and the law enforcement debt service funds significant or major governmental funds. All other governmental funds are aggregated in a column entitled Other nonmajor governmental funds.

Proprietary funds - When the County charges customers for its services, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability. The County's proprietary (enterprise) fund financial statements are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements. Still, the fund statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The County has four enterprise funds - Hermleigh Water Works, Scurry County Emergency Medical Services, Scurry County Golf Course, and Scurry County Airport.

Fiduciary funds – These funds are used to account for assets that are held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity of the County, such as pension plan assets, assets held per trust agreements, and similar arrangements.

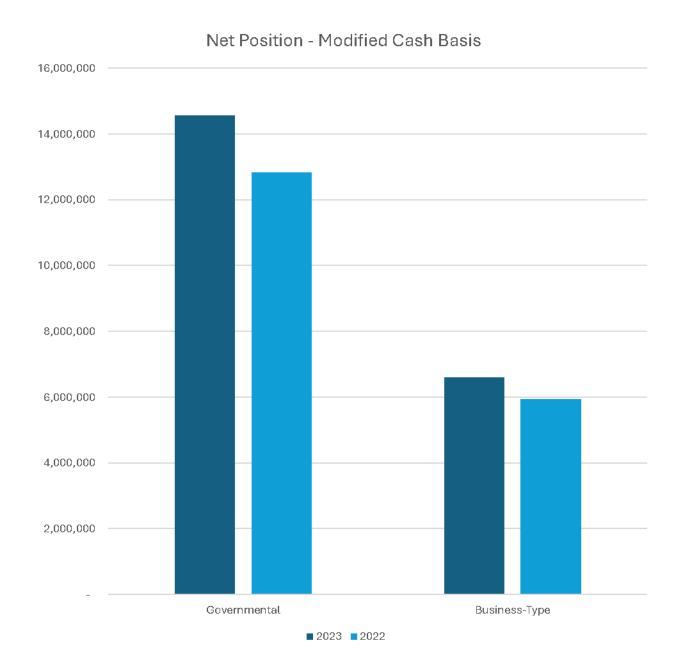
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Total Assets

The County's combined total assets and deferred outflows of resources amounted to \$48,504,074 and \$47,928,375 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Total liabilities and deferred inflows amounted to \$27,325,918 and \$29,096,319 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Net Position - Modified Cash Basis

The County's combined net position, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, increased from \$18,832,056 to \$21,178,156 between fiscal years 2022 and 2023.



Changes in Net Position - Modified Cash Basis

For the year ended December 31, 2023, net position of the primary government (resulting from modified cash basis transactions) changed as follows:

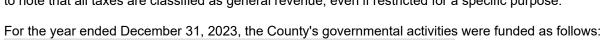
	_	Governmental	_	Business-Type	Total				
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	2,217,432	\$	1,960,591	\$	4,178,023			
Operating grants and contributions		1,827,562		23,571		1,851,133			
General revenues:									
Property taxes		12,818,615		2,107,145		14,925,760			
Tax collector fees		559,942				559,942			
Sales and use taxes		3,374,105				3,374,105			
Mixed drink tax		32,873				32,873			
Gain on sale of assets		64,820				64,820			
Investment earnings		875,057				875,057			
Miscellaneous		219,615	_	259,783		479,398			
Total revenues	_	21,990,021	_	4,351,090	· <u>-</u>	26,341,111			
Expenses:									
General government		4,808,570				4,808,570			
Health and welfare		1,863,120				1,863,120			
Judicial and legal		3,557,510				3,557,510			
Public safety		4,887,731				4,887,731			
Public facilities		476,004				476,004			
Culture and recreation		1,155,136				1,155,136			
Road maintenance		3,389,713				3,389,713			
Interest on long-term debt		171,177				171,177			
Water, golf course, airport and EMS services			_	3,686,050	-	3,686,050			
Total expenses		20,308,961	_	3,686,050	-	23,995,011			
Increase in net position	\$_	1,681,060	\$_	665,040	\$_	2,346,100			

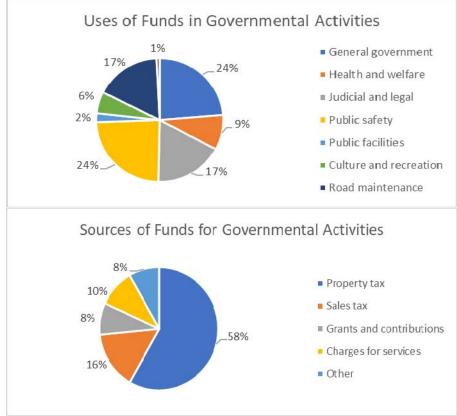
For the year ended December 31, 2022, net position of the primary government (resulting from modified cash basis transactions) changed as follows:

	-	Governmental	Total				
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	2,063,668	\$	1,430,952	\$	3,494,620	
Operating grants and contributions		1,121,081		283,410		1,404,491	
General revenues:							
Property taxes		9,918,640		1,771,059		11,689,699	
Tax collector fees		537,485				537,485	
Sales and use taxes		2,990,619				2,990,619	
Mixed drink tax		46,968				46,968	
Loss on sale of assets		(414,928)		(237,232)		(652,160)	
Investment earnings		281,730				281,730	
Miscellaneous	_	810,896	_	335,857		1,146,753	
Total revenues	_	17,356,159	-	3,584,046		20,940,205	
Expenses:							
General government		2,993,608				2,993,608	
Health and welfare		1,302,400				1,302,400	
Judicial and legal		2,767,069				2,767,069	
Public safety		3,702,351				3,702,351	
Public facilities		423,347				423,347	
Culture and recreation		922,853				922,853	
Road maintenance		2,216,320				2,216,320	
Interest on long-term debt		201,870				201,870	
Water, golf course, airport							
and EMS services	-		-	3,474,222	_	3,474,222	
Total expenses	-	14,529,818	-	3,474,222		18,004,040	
Increase (Decrease) in net							
position	\$_	2,826,341	\$_	109,824	\$	2,936,165	

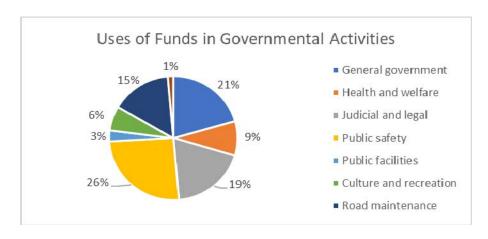
Governmental Activities

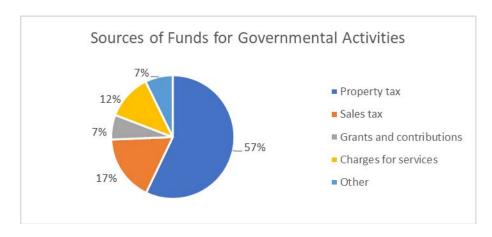
To aid in the understanding of the statement of activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different from a typical statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a net (expense)/revenue. This type of format highlights the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the County's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue, even if restricted for a specific purpose.





For the year ended December 31, 2022, the County's governmental activities were funded as follows:





Total expenses for governmental activities, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, amounted to \$20,308,961 and \$14,529,818 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Of these total expenses, taxpayers and other general revenues funded \$16,263,967 and \$11,345,069 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. While those directly benefiting from the program funded \$1,827,562 and \$1,121,081 from grants and other contributions, \$2,217,432 and \$2,063,668 were provided from charges for services for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Business-Type Activities

In reviewing the business-type activities' net (expense)/revenue resulting from modified cash basis transactions, there are certain activities that need to be examined more closely.

The Scurry County Golf Course reported a change in net position of \$81,689 and (\$119,825) for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Scurry County Golf Course received non-operating income of \$391,917 in 2023 and \$187,405 in 2022, and reported a net operating loss of (\$310,228) and (\$307,230) for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Hermleigh Water Works fund reported a change in net position of (\$1,153) and (\$8,443) for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Hermleigh Water Works received non-operating income of \$6,126 in 2023 and \$2,491 in 2022, and reported net operating loss of (\$7,279) and (\$10,934) for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Scurry County Emergency Medical Service (E.M.S.) reported a change in net position of \$424,334 and \$251,812 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Scurry County E.M.S. received a non-operating income of \$1,358,546 in 2023 and \$1,537,085 in 2022. Scurry County E.M.S. reported a net operating loss of (\$934,212) and (\$1,285,273) for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Scurry County Airport reported a change in net position of \$160,170 and (\$13,720) for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Scurry County Airport received a non-operating income of \$633,910 in 2023 and \$426,113 in 2022. Scurry County Airport reported a net operating loss of (\$473,740) and (\$439,833) for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Financial Highlights

- The County's total revenues exceeded total expenses (including transfers), on the modified cash basis of accounting, by \$1,505,646 for the year. Total revenue increased by \$4,295,972 from 2022 to 2023, and total expenditures increased by \$574,189, which is mainly attributable to capital outlay and renovation projects for 2023.
- The County's general fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$1,490,004, which represents 9.122% of recurring revenue of the Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the year, the County revised the general fund budget at various times. The final adjusted budget, however, was consistent with the prior year budget. For the year ended December 31, 2023, general fund expenditures were \$1,422,518 less than final appropriations, while actual resources available for appropriation (excluding any change in the beginning budgetary fund balance) were \$662,316 more than the final budgeted amount.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets-Modified Cash Basis

The County had \$21,495,617 and \$22,010,132 in capital assets, net of depreciation at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see table below).

Primary Government Capital Assets-Modified Cash Basis (Net of accumulated depreciation)

	_	Governmental Activities 2023	<u>-</u>	Business- Type Activities 2023	<u>-</u>	Summarized Totals 2022		
Land	\$	193,218	\$	187,596	\$	380,814	\$	372,276
Construction in progress				175,665		175,665		175,665
Buildings and								
improvements		16,135,482		1,289,477		17,424,959		18,157,951
Equipment and vehicles		1,554,190		854,204		2,408,394		2,218,056
Furniture and fixtures						-		4,716
Software		41,809				41,809		12,074
ROU Assets	_	980,214	_	83,762	_	1,063,976	_	1,069,394
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Total	\$_	18,904,913	\$_	2,590,704	\$_	21,495,617	\$_	22,010,132

See Note 5 in the notes to the financial statements for additional information.

Long-Term Debt - Modified Cash Basis

Debt related to governmental activities totaled \$10,561,333 and \$ as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see table below).

	_	2023	_	2022
Certificates of obligation Premium on certificates of	\$	9,320,000	\$	10,030,000
obligation Finance lease obligations		202,433 998,200		245,512 974,535
SBITAs obligations	_	40,700	_	
Total	\$_	10,561,333	\$_	11,250,047

Debt related to business-type activities totaled \$69,273 in finance lease obligations as of December 31, 2023.

See Note 6 in the notes to the financial statements for additional information.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

For the upcoming fiscal year ending December 31, 2024, the County's budget is fairly consistent with this year. It is anticipated that the current oil field related activities will stabilize in the local economy at least for the short term.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and demonstrate its accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County Auditor's office at 1806 25th Street, Snyder, Texas 79549 or 325-573-7121.

GOVERNMENT – WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basic Financial Statements

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS <u>STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS</u>

December 31, 2023

(With Summarized Financial Information as of December 31, 2022)

				2022			
	_	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	Summarized Data
ASSETS:	_		•		-		
Current Assets:			_		_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,417,023	\$	3,827,088	\$	18,244,111 \$	17,413,281
Investments		1,800,000		4,398		1,800,000 13,799	- 7,812
Accounts receivable, net Restricted Assets:		9,401		4,390		13,799	7,012
Cash and cash equivalents		446,120				446,120	431,784
Noncurrent Assets:		110,120				110,120	101,701
Net pension asset						=	7,052,908
Capital Assets:							
Land		193,218		187,596		380,814	372,276
Construction in progress				175,665		175,665	175,665
Buildings and improvements		25,158,044		4,507,981		29,666,025	29,666,025
Infrastructure		5,141,711		4 040 400		5,141,711	5,085,809
Equipment Furniture and fixtures		10,666,901 299,278		1,912,483		12,579,384 299,278	12,565,109 326,857
Motor vehicles		2,399,439		1,058,197		3,457,636	3,072,345
Right-of-use assets		1,804,859		296,843		2,101,702	1,802,202
Software		882,098		200,040		882,098	852,167
SBITAs		100,850				100,850	100,850
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(27,741,485)		(5,548,061)	-	(33,289,546)	(32,009,173)
TOTAL ASSETS	_	35,577,457		6,422,190	-	41,999,647	46,915,917
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	_	5,390,644		1,113,782	_	6,504,426	1,012,458
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	5,390,644		1,113,782	_	6,504,426	1,012,458
LIABILITIES:							
Current Liabilities:							
Deposits		25,616		18,932		44,548	43,948
Other liabilities		230,273		4,845		235,118	184,776
Accrued interest payable		73,668		.,0.0		73,668	81,300
Unearned revenue		3,211,278				3,211,278	3,256,278
Certificates of obligation payable		730,000				730,000	710,000
Right-of-use lease obligation - current		350,915		32,498		383,413	168,285
SBITAs		30,486				30,486	-
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Certificates of obligation payable - net of premium		8,792,433				8,792,433	9,565,512
Right-of-use lease obligation		647,285		36,775		684,060	905,862
SBITAs		10,214		100 225		10,214	-
Net pension liability	-	950,252	•	196,335	-	1,146,587	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	15,052,420		289,385	-	15,341,805	14,915,961
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		8,262,716				8,262,716	7,801,539
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	_	3,084,165		637,231	-	3,721,396	6,378,819
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	11,346,881		637,231	-	11,984,112	14,180,358
NET POSITION:							
Net investment in capital assets		8,343,580		2,521,431		10,865,011	10,609,857
Restricted for:							
Debt service		446,120				446,120	431,784
Texas Department of Criminal Justice		203,212				203,212	151,525
Records management		651,691				651,691	636,478
Other grants and contracts		195,907				195,907	7,309
Unrestricted	-	4,728,290		4,087,925	-	8,816,215	6,995,103
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$_	14,568,800	\$	6,609,356	\$	21,178,156 \$	18,832,056

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Summarized Financial Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

				Progran	n Re	venues	_		ion			
						Operating				nary Governmer	nt	2022
				Charges for	Grants and			Governmental	E	Business-type		Summarized
		Expenses		Services		Contributions	_	Activities	_	Activities	Total	Data
Function/Program Activities												
Primary Government:												
Governmental Activities:												
General government	\$	4,808,570	\$	504,934	\$	127,408	\$	(4,176,228)	\$	9	(4,176,228) \$	(2,328,258)
Health and welfare		1,863,120		45,117				(1,818,003)			(1,818,003)	(1,260,819)
Judicial and legal		3,557,510		604,902		815,741		(2,136,867)			(2,136,867)	(1,572,098)
Public safety		4,887,731		361,846		2,250		(4,523,635)			(4,523,635)	(3,447,517)
Public facilities		476,004		79,924				(396,080)			(396,080)	(252,811)
Culture and recreation		1,155,136		1,800				(1,153,336)			(1,153,336)	(920,313)
Road maintenance		3,389,713		618,909		882,163		(1,888,641)			(1,888,641)	(1,361,383)
Interest on long-term debt		171,177						(171,177)			(171,177)	(201,870)
· ·	•	•					_		_			
Total governmental activities		20,308,961		2,217,432		1,827,562		(16,263,967)		-	(16,263,967)	(11,345,069)
ŭ	•	, ,				, ,	-		_			
Business-type Activities:												
Golf course, water, EMS services and airport				1,960,591		23,571				1,984,162	1,984,162	1,714,362
Depreciation expense		458,520		.,000,00.		20,0				(458,520)	(458,520)	(364,266)
Operating expense		3,227,530								(3,227,530)	(3,227,530)	(3,109,956)
Operating expense	•	0,221,000					-		-	(0,227,000)	(0,221,000)	(0,100,000)
Total business-type activities		3,686,050		1,960,591		23,571		-		(1,701,888)	(1,701,888)	(1,759,860)
		00 005 044	_	4 470 000		1.051.100	_	(40,000,007)		(4.704.000)		(10, 10,1,000)
Total primary government	\$	23,995,011	\$	4,178,023	= \$ =	1,851,133	=	(16,263,967)	_	(1,701,888)	(17,965,855)	(13,104,929)
		golf course, Tax collector	es, l air	levied for gene port, and EMS				12,818,615 559,942		2,107,145	14,925,760 559,942	11,689,699 537,485
		Sales and us	e ta	axes				3,374,105			3,374,105	2,990,619
		Mixed drink t						32,873			32,873	46,968
		Gain (Loss) or	า รล	ale of assets				64,820			64,820	(652,160)
		Investment ea	rnir	ngs				875,057			875,057	281,730
		Miscellaneous						219,615	_	259,783	479,398	1,146,753
		Total Gen	eral	l Revenues an	ıd Tr	ansfers		17,945,027	_	2,366,928	20,311,955	16,041,094
		Chai	nge	in Net Positio	n			1,681,060		665,040	2,346,100	2,936,165
	Net Position	on - Beginning	(as	restated)				12,887,740	_	5,944,316	18,832,056	15,895,891
	Net Position	on - Ending					\$	14,568,800	\$_	6,609,356	21,178,156 \$	18,832,056

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basic Financial Statements

BALANCE SHEET- MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2023 (With Summarized Financial Information as of December 31, 2022)

<u>ASSETS</u>	_	General	_	Road and Bridge		American Rescue Plan Act	_	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	_	2022 Summarized Data
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	8,327,788 1,500,000 9,401	\$	1,542,720	\$	3,424,318	\$	1,122,197 300,000 446,120	\$	14,417,023 1,800,000 446,120 9,401	\$	14,265,507 431,784 3,412
Total Assets	\$_	9,837,189	\$_	1,542,720	\$_	3,424,318	\$_	1,868,317	\$_	16,672,544	\$_	14,700,703
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Deposits	\$	25,616	\$		\$		\$		\$	25,616	\$	25,016
Unearned revenue						3,194,362		16,916		3,211,278		3,256,278
Other liabilities	_	58,853	_		_		_	171,420	_	230,273	_	180,855
Total Liabilities	_	84,469	_	-	_	3,194,362	_	188,336	_	3,467,167	_	3,462,149
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes		8,262,716								8,262,716		7,801,539
Onavaliable revenue - property taxes	-	0,202,710	-		-		-		-	0,202,710	-	7,001,009
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	8,262,716	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	8,262,716	_	7,801,539
Fund balances: Restricted Committed		10.000		1,542,720		229,956		1,266,974 25,091		1,496,930 1,577,811		1,227,096 1,488,509
Assigned		10,000		1,542,720				387,916		387,916		406,662
Unassigned	_	1,480,004	_		_		_	007,010	_	1,480,004	_	314,748
Total Fund Balance	_	1,490,004	_	1,542,720	_	229,956	_	1,679,981	_	4,942,661	_	3,437,015
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	9,837,189	\$	1,542,720	\$	3,424,318	\$	1,868,317	\$	16,672,544	\$	14,700,703

<u>RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS</u> <u>TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS</u>

December 31, 2023

Fund Balances - Total governmental funds		\$ 4,942,661
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets \$ Less accumulated depreciation	46,646,398 (27,741,485)	18,904,913
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the governmental funds.		5,390,644
Debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable Certificates of obligation Right of use lease obligations	(73,668) (9,522,433) (998,200)	
SBITA obligations	(40,700)	(10,635,001)
Net pension liability is not reported in the governmental funds.		(950,252)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the governmental funds.		(3,084,165)

14,568,800

Net position of governmental activities

<u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Summarized Financial Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

		General Fund	_	Road and Bridge	_	American Rescue Plan Act	_	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		2022 Summarized Data
REVENUES:												
Taxes	\$ 1	3,635,882	\$	1,674,806	\$		\$	914,905	\$	16,225,593	\$	12,956,226
Motor vehicle registration				609,396						609,396		575,193
State and federal grants		237,319		882,163		45,000		663,080		1,827,562		1,121,081
Fines and fees		1,418,744		611				329,340		1,748,695		1,510,093
Interest		590,032		77,912		176,655		30,458		875,057		281,730
Other		448,095	_	95,975	_		-	145,444		689,514	-	1,535,022
Total Revenues	1	6,330,072	_	3,340,863	_	221,655	_	2,083,227	-	21,975,817	-	17,979,345
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government		4,924,700				45,000		107,602		5,077,302		6,244,637
Health and welfare		1,701,623						121,425		1,823,048		1,597,047
Judicial and legal		2,639,973						849,624		3,489,597		3,399,979
Public safety		4,441,377						1,943		4,443,320		4,028,530
Public facilities		406,705						9,075		415,780		421,799
Culture and recreation		1,050,438								1,050,438		1,014,938
Road maintenance				3,551,061						3,551,061		2,569,402
Debt Service:												
Principal retired								710,000		710,000		690,000
Interest								206,625		206,625		226,700
Certificates of obligation administration expense	·		_		_		-	2,500		2,500	-	2,450
Total Expenditures	1	5,164,816	_	3,551,061	_	45,000	_	2,008,794		20,769,671	_	20,195,482
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures		1,165,256	_	(210,198)	_	176,655	_	74,433	-	1,206,146	-	(2,216,137)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:												
Sale of assets				75,000						75,000		-
Capital lease proceeds			_	224,500	_		-			224,500	-	
Total Other Financing Sources			_	299,500	_	-	-			299,500	-	
Excess (Deficit) Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over												
Expenditures and Financing Uses		1,165,256	_	89,302	_	176,655	-	74,433		1,505,646	_	(2,216,137)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	-	324,748	_	1,453,418	_	53,301	-	1,658,849		3,437,015	-	5,653,152
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,490,004	\$_	1,542,720	\$_	229,956	\$	1,733,282	\$	4,942,661	\$	3,437,015

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,505,646
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate these expenditures over their estimated useful lives.		
Capital asset purchases capitalized Depreciation expense Capital asset retired, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 805,487 (1,249,378) (29,322)	(473,213)
Long-term liability proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but increases liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of notes or bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Bond discounts and premiums are amortized over the life of the bond for the statement of activities and expensed in the fund statements.		
Principal payments on bonds payable Bond premium Proceeds from finance leases payable		710,000 43,079 (224,500)
Lease obligations provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but the obligation increases liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of the leases is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces the liability in the statement of net position.		
Principal payments		237,834
Gain on sale of capital assets is recognized in governmental activities but not fully recognized in the fund statements.		(10,180)
The change in net pension liability / asset and the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.		(47,716)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Other adjustments to miscellaneous Adjustments to accrued interest payable	_	(1,643) (7,631)

Change in net position of governmental activities

1,731,676

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

			·-		
				Decem	ber 31,
ASSETS:	Scurry County E.M.S.	Scurry County Airport	Non-Major	2023 Total	2022 Summarized Data
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	1,967,625 \$	1,499,524 \$	359,939 \$	3,827,088	3,147,774
Accounts receivable	2,951	4	1,443	4,398	4,400
Total Current Assets	1,970,576	1,499,528	361,382	3,831,486	3,152,174
Noncurrent:					
Net pension asset Capital assets:				-	1,181,808
Property, plant and equipment	2,587,780	3,699,527	1,851,459	8,138,766	7,727,711
			, ,	, ,	, ,
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,538,223)	(2,766,667)	(1,243,172)	(5,548,062)	(5,095,707)
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,049,557	932,860	608,287	2,590,704	3,813,812
TOTAL ASSETS	3,020,133	2,432,388	969,669	6,422,190	6,965,986
DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
	050 770	100.010	E4 000	4 440 700	100.051
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	950,772	108,918	54,092	1,113,782	169,651
TOTAL DEFFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	950,772	108,918	54,092	1,113,782	169,651
LIABILITIES:					
Current liabilities:					
		0.40	4.500	4.045	0.004
Accounts payable		246	4,599	4,845	3,921
Customer deposits			18,932	18,932	18,932
Right of use lease obligation - current	2,337		30,161	32,498	30,338
Total Current Liabilities	2,337	246	53,692	56,275	53,191
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net pension liability	167,600	19,200	9,535	196,335	-
Right of use lease obligation	4,288		32,487	36,775	69,274
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	171,888	19,200	42,022	233,110	69,274
TOTAL LIABILITIES	174,225	19,446	95,714	289,385	122,465
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	543,968	60.216	30,947	637,231	1,068,856
Deletted littlows of resources related to pensions	343,900	62,316	30,947	037,231	1,000,000
TOTAL DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	543,968	62,316	30,947	637,231	1,068,856
NET POSITION:					
	1 040 000	000.000	E4E 600	0 504 404	2 522 202
Net investment in capital assets	1,042,932	932,860	545,639	2,521,431	2,532,392
Unrestricted	2,209,780	1,526,684	351,461	4,087,925	3,411,924
TOTAL NET POSITION	3,252,712 \$	2,459,544 \$	897,100 \$	6,609,356	5,944,316

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended December 31,

	Scurry County E.M.S.	Scurry County Airport	Non-Major	2023 Total	2022 Summarized Data
OPERATING REVENUES:			•	4 750 540	4 00 4 00 7
	\$ 1,705,384	\$ 45,162 \$	\$	1,750,546 \$	1,304,307
Fees			79,347	79,347	35,932
Cart shed rentals			42,693	42,693	24,470
Membership dues			88,005	88,005	66,243
Total Operating Revenues	1,705,384	45,162	210,045	1,960,591	1,430,952
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Wages and salaries	1,424,567	163,195	80,436	1,668,198	1,550,027
Payroll taxes	127,309	13,821	5,942	147,072	137,672
Employee benefits	138,344	17,038	8,530	163,912	164,014
Depreciation expense	240,647	153,983	63,890	458,520	364,266
Contract labor	30,000			30,000	66,932
Utilities	5,663	6,561	3,040	15,264	23,039
Supplies	67,331	4,119	51,255	122,705	119,723
Repairs	104,308	46,376	58,516	209,200	186,978
Fuel	2,401	8,808	6,558	17,767	12,398
Medical insurance	301,770	65,548	24,131	391,449	357,256
Professional services	136,262		168,000	304,262	261,058
Other	60,994	39,453	57,254	157,701	230,859
Total Operating Expenses	2,639,596	518,902	527,552	3,686,050	3,474,222
Operating Loss	(934,212)	(473,740)	(317,507)	(1,725,459)	(2,043,270)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Ad valorem taxes	1,288,390	450,303	368,452	2,107,145	1,771,059
Grant income	13,531	10,040		23,571	283,410
Miscellaneous income	60,261	174,406	27,504	262,171	53,254
Pension income (expense)	(3,636)	(839)	2,087	(2,388)	282,603
Loss on sale of assets					(237,232)
Change in Net Position	424,334	160,170	80,536	665,040	109,824
Net Position - Beginning	2,828,378	2,299,374	816,564	5,944,316	5,834,492
Net Position - Ending	\$ 3,252,712	\$2,459,544_\$	897,100 \$	6,609,356 \$	5,944,316

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

For the Year Ended December 31,

	_	Scurry County E.M.S.	Scurry County Airport	Non-Major	2023 Total	2022 Summarized Data
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers	\$	1,705,386 \$ (1,690,220) (708,729)	44,967 \$ (194,054) (170,644)	210,045 \$ (94,908) (367,855)	1,960,398 \$ (1,979,182) (1,247,228)	1,431,378 (1,851,713) (1,257,988)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	_	(693,563)	(319,731)	(252,718)	(1,266,012)	(1,678,323)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Grant income Miscellaneous receipts Ad valorem tax receipts	_	13,531 60,261 1,288,390	10,040 174,406 450,303	27,504 368,452	23,571 262,171 2,107,145	283,410 55,758 1,771,059
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	g _	1,362,182	634,749	395,956	2,392,887	2,110,227
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Payments on lease/notes payable Purchase of capital assets	_	(2,337) (408,683)		(28,002) (8,539)	(30,339) (417,222)	(493,983)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	es _	(411,020)		(36,541)	(447,561)	(493,983)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	_	257,599	315,018	106,697	679,314	(62,079)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	1,710,026	1,184,506	253,242	3,147,774	3,209,853
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	1,967,625 \$	1,499,524 \$	359,939 \$	3,827,088 \$	3,147,774
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:						
Operating Loss	\$	(934,212)\$	(473,740)\$	(317,507) \$	(1,725,459)\$	(2,043,270)
Adjustments Not Affecting Cash: Decrease in accounts receivable Increase in accounts payable Increase in customer deposits		240.647	26	899	2 925	50 255 376
Depreciation and amortization	_	240,647	153,983	63,890	458,520	364,266
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$_	(693,563) \$	(319,731) \$	(252,718) \$	(1,266,012) \$	(1,678,323)

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2023

	_	Employee Retirement Fund	_	Custodial Funds
ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	3,332,760
Accounts receivable				2,741,034
Investments at fair value	-	534,024	_	
Total Assets		534,024	_	6,073,794
NET POSITION:				
Restricted for pensions		534,024		
Restricted for agencies	-	_	-	6,073,794
Total Net Position	\$	534,024	\$_	6,073,794

<u>STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS</u>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Employee Retirement Fund		ustodial Funds
ADDITIONS:				
Charges for services				
Fines and fees				
Contributions:	Φ.	40,000 Ф		
Employee	\$	46,930 \$		750 400
Private				2,756,426
Investment Activity:				
Investment income		75,271		
Land Investment Company				
Less Investment Expenses: Asset fees		50		
Assertees		50		
Net Investment Income		75,221		_
Total Additions and Investment Activity		122,151	72	2,756,426
DEDUCTIONS:				
Recipient payments			7	1,374,480
Benefits paid		61,353	,	1,07 4,400
Borronto para		01,000		
Total Deductions		61,353	7	1,374,480
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net Increase		60,798		1,381,945
Net Position - Beginning of Year		473,226	4	1,691,849
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Net Position - End of Year	\$	534,024	\$6	5,073,794

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basic Financial Statements

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define Scurry County, Texas (the "County") for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The general purpose financial statements include all funds, account groups, agencies, and boards controlled by, dependent on, and over which the County has oversight responsibility. These include governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. The criteria for oversight responsibility used in determining the entity for financial reporting purposes include but are not limited to, financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, management designation, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for financial matters.

Included within the reporting entity:

<u>Board of County Development</u> – Reported as a blended component unit, the Board of County Development is operated by a five-member Board appointed by the County Commissioners. The County budgets a portion of its ad valorem tax for the operation of the Board. The purpose of the Board is to promote the County's economic development.

On April 1, 2014, the County assumed fiscal responsibility for the Scurry County Boys and Girls Club from an independent board operating under the auspices of the Boys and Girls Club of America. The major assets in use by the Boys and Girls Club were already owned by the County and the Boys and Girls Club is accounted for as its own department within the County operations. The Friends of the Boys and Girls Club fund was established as a special revenue fund and is used to account for outside support of the Boys and Girls Club, such as donations and gifts.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County's financial statements are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied, to the extent they apply to the modified cash basis of accounting unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

The following is a summary of the more significant policies and practices used by the County:

Government-Wide Statements:

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities compares direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a program or function and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts constituting its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or meets the following criteria:

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and

Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the total for all combined governmental and enterprise funds.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the County and is always classified as a major fund. It accounts for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the County. The following special revenue funds are reported as major funds:

Road and Bridge Fund – The road and bridge fund accounts for the resources devoted to maintaining the County's roads and bridges.

American Rescue Plan Act Fund – The American Rescue Plan Act Fund is established to account for grant resources obtained under the American Rescue Plan Act.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

- 1. *Nonspendable*, such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenditures, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).
- Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent for only the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resources providers, or through enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by formal action of the Commissioners' Court (the County's highest level of decision-making authority).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

- The assigned fund balance classification includes amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- 5. *Unassigned* fund balance is the residual classification for the County's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Restricted Fund Balance

The County's restricted fund balance as of December 31, 2023 which relates to the use of external resources, is comprised of the following:

Restriction	Amount	<u> </u>
Law enforcement center debt service Texas Department of Criminal Justice grants and contracts	\$ 446, ⁷	
Records management	651,6	
Court and courthouse security	36,3	370
Law library	(172,	140)
Court technology	60,0)13
Abandoned vehicle	8,7	734
Other grants	316,	116
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$1,496,9	930

Committed Fund Balance

The County's committed fund balance is the portion of the fund balance that may only be established and modified by formal action of the Commissioners' Court. The County's committed fund balance as of December 31, 2023 is comprised of the following:

Commitment	_	Amount
Road and bridge maintenance Board of County Development General	\$	1,542,720 25,091 10,000
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$	1,577,811

Assigned Fund Balance

The County's management has the authority to assign funds in accordance with various internal programs. The County's assigned fund balance as of December 31, 2023 is comprised of the following:

Assignment	_	Amount
Senior center memorial Friends of Boys & Girls Club Friends of the library	\$ 	334,516 6,434 46,966
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$_	387,916

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: 1) Restricted, 2) Committed, 3) Assigned, and 4) Unassigned.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The County does not utilize a minimum fund balance policy.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for business–like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and financial activity is measured based on net income, similar to the private sector.

Scurry County Golf Course

Operating revenue results primarily from membership dues charged to the members and other course fees/rentals. Expenses incurred to operate the golf course are classified as operating expense. The County allocated \$368,452 in property taxes during 2023 to the golf course to cover operating expenses of \$520,273 incurred in 2023.

Hermleigh Water Works

Operating revenue and expense result from providing water service to the community; all other expenses incurred are classified as non-operating revenue or expense.

Scurry County Emergency Medical Service (E.M.S.)

Operating revenue results from service fees charged and operating expenses related to providing emergency medical services to County residents. The County allocated \$1,288,390 in property taxes during 2023 to E.M.S. to cover operating expenses of \$2,639,596 incurred in 2023. The Scurry County Emergency Medical Service fund was considered a major proprietary fund for financial reporting purposes in 2023.

Scurry County Airport

Operating revenue results from hangar rental charges and the sale of fuel and oil. The County allocated \$450,303 in property taxes during 2023 to Scurry County Airport to cover operating expenses of \$518,902 incurred in 2023. The Scurry County Airport fund was considered a major proprietary fund for financial reporting purposes for 2023.

Fiduciary Funds

The County reports the following fiduciary fund types:

Custodial Funds – Accounts for assets the County holds on behalf of others as their agent. They are custodial (assets equal liabilities), and the County is responsible for administering and disbursing the funds in accordance with legal requirements, agreements, or court orders.

Employee Retirement Fund – Accounts for resources that must be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the defined benefit pension plan.

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. The basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

In the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance to measure available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus on determining operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities, whether current or non-current, financial or non-financial, associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

Budget

The County's annual budget is a management tool that assists its users in analyzing financial activity for its fiscal year ending December 31.

The annual budget is prepared using the modified cash method of accounting. The difference between the budgetary and GAAP reporting methods is not material to the financial statements; therefore, a combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances—budget and actual—is included in the accompanying financial statements. Budgets are adopted for the general fund, selected special revenue funds, and enterprise funds.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended during the fiscal year by the Commissioners' Court.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities and the fund financial statements, governmental, and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses resulting from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

December 31, 2023

If the County utilized the basis of accounting recognized as GAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. In contrast, the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents reflected in the financial statements include petty cash, cash in banks, federally insured cash accounts (FICA), and investments in Tex-Pool. Petty cash amounts are maintained in various County offices for purposes of collections of payments made to the County. Investments in FICA and Tex-Pool are carried at fair value.

For reporting cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less are considered cash equivalents.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets represent cash and cash equivalents totaling \$446,120 as of December 31, 2023, to be used for principal and interest payments for certificates of obligation partially refinanced in 2017 and 2021.

Property Tax Calendar

The County is responsible for assessing, collecting, and apportioning property taxes for all jurisdictions, including the schools and special districts within the County. The appraisal district certifies the tax roll in July. The Commissioners' Court levies taxes on September 1 on the property values assessed in July. Tax billings are sent out on October 1 after completing the final tax roll. The taxes are due on or before January 31 and become delinquent on February 1. The County gives a 3%, 2%, and 1% discount for early payment in October, November, and December, respectively.

Capital Assets

The County's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

In government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the statement of net position. All capital assets are valued at historical or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. The estimated historical cost was used to value the assets. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The County's infrastructure network is valued at a historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of activities. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets for governmental funds and \$1,000 for proprietary funds.

December 31, 2023

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	40 yrs.
Building improvements	15 yrs.
Vehicles	5 yrs.
Equipment	5-10 yrs.
Office equipment	5-7 yrs.
Infrastructure	20-40 yrs.

Right-of-use subscription assets resulting from qualifying subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) are amortized over the subscription term.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for in the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Long-Term Debt

All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as a liability in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

The County recognizes a lease and/or a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) liability and a corresponding right-of-use asset at the commencement date of a lease/SBITA. The lease/SBITA liability is initially measured at the present value of the remaining payments not paid at the commencement date. If an implicit interest rate can readily be determined for a lease/SBITA contract, this rate is used to discount future payments. If this rate is unavailable, the County uses the 3-month treasury bill rate as the discount rate.

Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balance of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings attributable to those assets' acquisition, construction, or improvements.

Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. A restricted net position totaling \$1,496,930 represents funds restricted for debt service, grants, and contracts.

December 31, 2023

Unrestricted net position – All other net positions that do not meet the definition of the "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

It is the County's policy to first use restricted net position before the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government–wide statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the County requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 14, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The County Commissioners' Court accepted a proposal for the sale of capital and financial operations related to Hermleigh Water Works on November 16, 2022. The sale will be completed during fiscal year 2024 and this sale will close the fund for the County.

NOTE 3: LEGAL COMPLIANCE - BUDGETS

The County's budgetary process requires that expending agencies of the County submit appropriation requests by mid-June of each year. After review by the budget officer and department heads, the requests are combined and submitted to the Commissioners' Court. In August, the proposed budget is filed with the County Clerk for public inspection at least fifteen days before hearings, which are open to the public. A final budget must be adopted before January 1. At the fund level, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgeted appropriations.

NOTE 4: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and Investments

The County's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank pledged securities sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the audit period. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

In addition to the \$250,000 insurance on accounts provided by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") regulations, the depository bank pledged securities in the amount of \$15,000,000 to secure all bank deposits. The largest cash balance amounted to \$14,082,902 and occurred on October 31, 2023.

For an indication of the level of risk assumed by the County, all cash deposits are categorized as Category 1, insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the County (or public trust) or by its agent in its name.

December 31, 2023

Statutes authorize the County to invest in the State's investment pool. The County's investments held at December 31, 2023, are not subject to classifications where securities related to the government cannot be identified.

Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area, conducted as a part of the audit of the general-purpose financial statements, disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the County adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, the investment practices of the County were in accordance with local policies.

At year-end, the County's investment balances were as follows:

	_	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Certificates of deposit	\$_	1,800,000	1 (105.6 days)
	\$_	1,800,000	

A summary of the County's investments under the requirements of the fair value hierarchy follows:

		Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using								
Description	_	(Level 1)	_	(Level 2)	_	(Level 3)	_	Total		
Certificates of deposit	\$_	1,800,000	\$_	_	\$_		\$_	1,800,000		
Total	\$_	1,800,000	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	1,800,000		

Interest rates on the certificates of deposits are 4.750%.

Investment Policy

The County has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Pools (GASB 31). Those provisions require that certain investments be reported at fair value, rather than at cost or amortized cost and that the changes in the fair value of investments be recognized as investment revenue. GASB 31 further provides that the County has the option of continuing to report certain investments at cost or amortized cost, but must disclose its policy in that regard.

In accordance with GASB 31, the County's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report non-participating interest-earning investment contracts using the cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists that guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments with a remaining term of one year or less at the time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposits are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds Investments Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public

December 31, 2023

Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to (1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; (2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and (3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its share.

The County's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the Pool's underlying portfolio unless the Pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The County's federally insured cash accounts (FICA) have no associated term commitments, no penalty or withdrawal fees, and are fully FDIC-insured structured bank deposit vehicles.

Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the County was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year-end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At December 31, 2023, the County was not exposed to credit risk.

Custodial credit risk relates to deposits that are exposed to the risk that they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities, held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the County's name. At December 31, 2023, the County was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At December 31, 2023, the County was not exposed to a concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At December 31, 2023, the County was not exposed to interest rate risk.

Foreign currency risk is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At December 31, 2023, the County was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

		Beginning Balances		Transfers and Increases		Transfers and Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities: Non-depreciable assets:			•					
Land	\$_	193,218	\$		\$		\$	193,218
Depreciable assets:								
Buildings and improvements		25,158,044						25,158,044
Infrastructure		5,085,809		55,902				5,141,711
Equipment		10,755,131		225,678		(313,908)		10,666,901
Furniture and fixtures		326,857				(27,579)		299,278
Motor vehicles		2,314,159		188,339		(103,059)		2,399,439
Right-of-use assets - leases		1,505,359		299,500				1,804,859
Right-of-use assets - SBITAs Software		100,850		20,000		(0.405)		100,850
Total at historical cost	_	852,167		36,066 805,485	-	(6,135) (450,681)		882,098
rotar at historical cost	_	46,291,594		605,465	-	(450,061)		46,646,398
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		8,875,420		545,261				9,420,681
Infrastructure		4,683,722		59,870		(0.10.000)		4,743,592
Equipment		9,457,975		293,568		(313,908)		9,437,635
Furniture and fixtures Motor vehicles		322,141		4,716		(27,579)		299,278
Right-of-use assets		2,070,954 612,927		77,298 262,334		(73,737)		2,074,515 875,261
Right-of-use assets - SBITAs		50,234		202,334				50,234
Software		840,093		6,331		(6,135)		840,289
Total accumulated depreciation	_	26,913,466	•	1,249,378	-	(421,359)		27,741,485
Covernmental activity conital access not	\$	10 270 120	\$	(443,893)	φ	(20, 222)	Φ	10 004 012
Governmental activity capital assets, net	Φ =	19,378,128	Φ	(443,693)	Φ	(29,322)	\$	18,904,913
		Beginning				Transfers and		Ending
	_	Balances		Increases		Decreases		Balances
Business-type activities:								
Non-depreciable assets:	•	470.050	•	0.500			•	407.500
Land	\$	179,058	\$	8,538	\$		\$	187,596
Construction in progress	_	175,665						175,665
Depreciable assets:								
Buildings and improvements		4,507,981				/ /->		4,507,981
Equipment		1,809,978		130,117		(27,612)		1,912,483
Motor vehicles		758,186		278,565		21,446		1,058,197
Right-of-use assets	_	296,843		447.000		(0.400)		296,843
Total at historical cost	_	7,727,711		417,220	•	(6,166)		8,138,765
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		3,034,741		183,763				3,218,504
Equipment		1,540,546		86,206		(27,612)		1,599,140
Motor vehicles		349,923		145,967		21,446		517,336
Right-of-use assets	_	170,497		42,584 458,520		(6.160)		213,081
Total accumulated depreciation	_	5,095,707	,	458,520		(6,166)		5,548,061
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$_	2,632,004	\$	(41,300)			\$	2,590,704

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2023

Depreciation expense for 2023 was charged to functions as follows:

	-	Governmental Activities	· <u>-</u>	Business- Type Activities
General government Health and welfare Public safety Public facilities Culture and recreation Judicial and legal Road maintenance Hermleigh Water Works Scurry County Airport Scurry County Emergency Medical Service Scurry County Golf Course	\$	107,801 35,690 431,230 59,225 102,173 59,525 453,734	\$	4,870 153,983 240,647 59,020
	\$_	1,249,378	\$_	458,520

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government activities long-term obligations at December 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

	January 1, 2023		Increases	 Decreases	December 31, 2023	- -	Amount Due Within One Year
Certificates of obligation (2017) Certificates of obligation	\$ 785,000	\$		\$ (615,000)	\$ 170,000	\$	170,000
(2021) ROU Leases ROU SBITAs Net pension liability	9,245,000 974,535 51,781	· -	224,500 25,917 1,146,587	 (95,000) (200,835) (36,998)	9,150,000 998,200 40,700 1,146,587	- -	560,000 350,915 30,486
	\$ 11,056,316	\$	1,397,004	\$ (947,833)	\$ 11,505,487	\$	1,111,401

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

Long-term debt arising from cash transactions and payable from governmental fund resources consisted of the following at December 31, 2023:

Leases payable:

Loudos payable.	
The County entered into a lease agreement totaling \$323,250 for a 2021 John Deere Motorgrader payable in 6 annual installments of \$30,898 due beginning on 12/31/2019, and thereafter which includes both principal and interest, with a balloon payment of \$185,000 due 12/31/2024. The interest rate of the lease is 3.65% with maturity on December 31, 2024. Lease is secured by equipment.	\$ 29,738
The County entered into a lease agreement totaling \$280,250 for a 2019 John Deere Motorgrader payable in 5 annual installments of \$32,464 beginning 09/18/2021, and thereafter which includes both principal and interest, with a balloon payment of \$165,000 due at the end of the lease term. The interest rate of the lease is 3.99% with maturity on September 18, 2024. Lease is secured by equipment.	190,481
The County entered into a lease agreement totaling \$300,130 for a 2021 John Deere Motorgrader payable in 5 annual installments of \$34,219 beginning 03/13/2022, and thereafter which includes both principal and interest, with a balloon payment of \$175,000 due at the end of the lease term. The interest rate of the lease is 3.65% with maturity on March 13, 2025. Lease is secured by equipment.	227,757
The County entered into a lease agreement totaling \$267,957 for a 2021 John Deere Motorgrader payable in 5 annual installments of \$25,204 beginning 02/14/2022, and thereafter which includes both principal and interest, with a balloon payment of \$185,000 due at the end of the lease term. The interest rate of the lease is 3.65% with maturity on February 14, 2025. Lease is secured by equipment.	218,934
The County entered into a lease agreement totaling \$167,550 for a 2023 John Deere 644G Wheel Loader payable in monthly installments of \$2,136 beginning 09/1/2022, and thereafter which includes both principal and interest, with a balloon payment of \$55,125 due at the end of the lease term. The interest rate of the lease is 2.75% with maturity on September 1, 2026. Lease is secured by equipment.	116,925
The County entered into a lease agreement totaling \$224,500 for a 2022 CAT Pneumatic Compactor payable in annual installments of \$49,715 beginning 05/18/2024, and thereafter which includes both principal and interest, with a balloon payment of \$49,408 due at the end of the lease term. The interest rate of the lease is 5.35 % with maturity on May 18, 2027. Lease is secured by equipment.	174,865
The County has multiple copier leases, payable in monthly installments ranging from \$58 to \$408 including interest ranging from 0.04% to 2.39%, secured by equipment, and final payments due between January 22, 2023 and November 16, 2026.	39,500_
Total finance leases payable	\$998,200

December 31, 2023

Maturities of finance lease obligations are as follows:

Year						Total			
Ending December 31,	g December 31, Principal Interest					Requirement			
			_		_				
2024	\$	350,915	\$	39,355	\$	390,270			
2025		480,082		24,901		504,983			
2026		120,054		6,208		126,262			
2027		47,149		2,509		49,658			
	\$	998,200	\$	72,973	\$	1,071,173			
Certificates of obligation:									
Certificates of obligation (2017) of \$3,610,000, issued to refund \$3,695,000 of the 2009 series issued in connection with construction of a new law enforcement center, payable in annual principal and interest payments due February 15, and additional interest payments due August 15, with interest rate of 3%, final payment due February 15, 2024, net of \$2,946 premium.									
Certificates of obligation (2021) of \$9,3 of the 2013 series issued in connect enforcement center, payable in annual February 15, and additional interest payables.									
rate of 2%, final payment due February	¹ 15, 2034	1, net of \$199,48	37 pr	emium.		9,349,487			

Maturities of certificates of obligation are as follows:

Total certificates of obligation

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest		Total Requirement
2024 \$ 2025 2026 2027 2028+	730,000 780,000 795,000 810,000 6,205,000	\$ 188,300 172,350 156,600 140,550 448,325	\$	918,300 952,350 951,600 950,550 6,653,325
\$_	9,320,000	\$ 1,106,125	\$_	10,426,125

9,522,433

December 31, 2023

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements Payable

The County entered into an arrangement with Lexis Nexis for \$8,666 dated July 5, 2022 for publicly available information, public records and non-public information, payable in monthly principal and interest payments due monthly on the 1st, with interest rate of 2.13%, final payment due August 1, 2026.

\$ 5,538

The County entered into an arrangement with Tyler Technologies for \$66,729 dated January 11, 2022 for software, payable in payments due annually on the 1st of the year with interest rate of 0.13%, final payment due January 1, 2024.

22,214

The County entered into an arrangement with Tyler Technologies for \$25,917 dated September 19, 2023 for software, payable in annual principal and interest payments due monthly on the 1st, with interest rate of 5.31%, final payment due September 19, 2026.

12,948 40,700

Total SBITA payable

Maturities of SBITA obligations are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total Requirement
2024 \$ 2025 2026	30,486 8,746 1,468	\$ 832 417 12	\$ 31,318 9,163 1,480
\$	40,700	\$ 1,261	\$ 41,961

The following is a schedule of maturities of certificates of obligation, finance leases and SBITA by year and in aggregate:

Year Ending December 31,	
2024	\$ 1,111,401
2025	1,268,828
2026	916,522
2027	857,149
2028+	 6,205,000
	\$ 10,358,900

Certificates of Obligation

On January 12, 2017, the County authorized a bond refunding transaction in which \$3,695,000 of the "Scurry County, Texas Certificates of Obligation, Series 2009" were refunded or refinanced by the issuance of \$3,610,000 "Scurry County, Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017".

On March 17, 2021, the County authorized a bond refunding transaction in which \$9,365,000 of the "Scurry County, Texas Certificates of Obligation, Series 2013" were refunded or refinanced by the issuance of \$9,370,000 "Scurry County, Texas General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

A capital project fund was used to account for the construction of the County jail. The construction of the jail was funded substantially by the issuance of certificates of obligation bonds. The bonds are secured by the future ad valorem tax levies. The County intends to retire all of the certificates of obligation bonds, plus interest, from future ad valorem tax levies and is required by ordinance to create from such tax revenues a sinking fund sufficient to pay the current interest due thereon and each installment of principal as it becomes due. The certificates of obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2023 will be amortized serially each year on dates prescribed by each respective bond ordinance through 2034.

A number of limitations and restrictions are contained in the various certificates of obligation bond indentures. The County complies with all significant limitations and restrictions.

The Law Enforcement Debt Service Fund, with a fund balance aggregating \$446,120, arises principally from proceeds of certificates of obligation sales. These proceeds may be used solely for the designated purposes as stated in the respective bond indenture under which such bonds were sold. The County is in compliance with these requirements.

A bond premium of \$2,946 associated with the 2017 issuance, and a premium of \$199,487 associated with the 2021 issuance are being amortized on the straight-line method over the life of their respective bond issuance. Net amortization was \$43,079 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

In the business-type activities long-term obligations at December 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

	January 1, 2023		Increases	_	Decreases	December 31, 2023	; ;	Amount Due Within One Year
Finance lease obligations	\$ 99,612	\$		\$	(30,339)	\$ 69,273	\$	32,498
	\$ 99,612	\$_		\$	(30,339)	\$ 69,273	\$	32,498

Long-term debt arising from cash transactions and payable from business-type activities consisted of the following at December 31, 2023:

Leases payable:

The County entered into a lease agreement for a copier, payable in monthly installments of \$195 including interest of 0.05%, secured by equipment, final payments due October 23, 2026.	\$ 6,625
The County entered into a lease agreement totaling \$90,650 for a 2022 John Deere 1600 Turbo Series Mower payable in annual installments of \$34,561 beginning 11/1/2022, and thereafter which includes both principal and interest. The interest rate of the lease is 7.45% with maturity on November	
1, 2025. Lease is secured by equipment.	 62,648
Total finance leases payable	\$ 69,273

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

Maturities of the finance lease obligations are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest	Total Requirement
2024 2025 2026	\$	32,498 34,825 1,950	\$	4,403 2,076	\$ 36,901 36,901 1,950
	\$_	69,273	\$_	6,479	\$ 75,752

The following is a schedule of maturities of finance lease obligations by year and in the aggregate:

Year Ending December 31,	
2024	\$ 32,498
2025	34,825
2026	1,950
	\$ 69,273

NOTE 7: FEDERAL/STATE SOURCE REVENUES

The majority of the federal grant funds received are for strengthening homeland security, the improvement of parks and recreation, bio-terrorism, and voting facilities. The majority of the state grant funds received in non-major, special revenue funds relate to criminal justice – probation department programs. State grant funds received in the general fund are primarily for health sanitation salaries, salary supplements, criminal justice, road maintenance, and additional law enforcement personnel and programs.

NOTE 8: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The County provides pension, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for administrating the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system serving over 800 participating counties and districts throughout Texas. TDCRS, in the aggregate, issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas, 78768-2034, or by calling (800) 823-7782. TCDRS's ACFR is also available online at www.tcdrs.org.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members have the flexibility and local control to adjust benefits annually and pay for those benefits based on their needs and budgets.

Each employer has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The plans' assets are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only to pay benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered so that the retirement system will be considered qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. All employees (except temporary staff) of a participating employer must be enrolled in the plan.

December 31, 2023

Benefits Provided

At retirement, the employee's account balance is combined with employer matching and converted into a lifetime monthly benefit. Employees receive a month of service for each month that they make a deposit into their account. Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 30 years regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 80 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer. Retirees elect to receive their lifetime benefit by choosing one of seven actuarially equivalent payment options.

As of the most recent measurement date, which was December 31, 2022, membership data for the pension plan was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	236
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	275
Active employees	187
Total Participants	698

Funding Policy

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer, based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 10.44% for fiscal year 2023. The contribution rate payable by the employee members is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the County. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

For the employer's accounting year ending December 31, 2023, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$990,149 and the actual contributions were \$990,149.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is the difference between the total pension liability (TPL) and the plan's fiduciary net position. The TPL is the present value of pension benefits that are allocated to current members due to past service by entry age normal actuarial cost method. The TPL includes benefits related to projected salary and service. The fiduciary net position is determined on the same basis used by the pension plans. The County's NPL was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the TPL used to calculate the NPA was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Total pension liability	\$ 65,084,574
Fiduciary net position	63,937,987
Net pension liability	\$ 1,146,587

Actuarial Assumptions

The demographic assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were developed from an actuarial experience investigation of TCDRS over the years 2017-2020. They were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in December of 2021. All economic assumptions were reviewed at the March 2021 TCDRS Board of Trustees meeting and revised assumptions were adopted. These revisions included reductions in the investment return, wage growth, and maximum payroll growth assumptions. These assumptions, except where required to be different by GASB 68, are used to determine

December 31, 2023

the total pension liability as of December 31, 2022. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%	
Overall payroll growth	3.00%	
		This rate reflects the long-term rate of return
		funding valuation assumption of 7.50%, plus
		0.10% adjustment to be gross of
		administrative expenses as required by
Investment rate of return	7.60%	GASB Statement No. 68

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Regarding mortality rates, for depositing members - 135% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% of the Pub-2010 General Employee Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010; for service retirees, beneficiaries, and non-depositing members – 135% of the PUB-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010; for disabled retirees – 160% of the Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% of the Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.60%. The pension plan's policy regarding the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The valuation assumption for the long-term expected return is re-assessed at least every four years and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The most recent analysis was performed in March 2021.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return (expected minus inflation)
US equities	11.50%	4.95%
Private equity	25.00%	7.95%
Global equities	2.50%	4.95%
International equities - developed	5.00%	4.95%
International equities - emerging	6.00%	4.95%
Investment grade bonds	3.00%	2.40%
Strategic credit	9.00%	3.39%
Direct lending	16.00%	6.95%
Distressed debt	4.00%	7.60%
REIT equities	2.00%	4.15%
Master limited partnerships	2.00%	5.30%
Private real estate partnerships	6.00%	5.70%
Hedge funds	6.00%	2.90%
Cash equivalents	2.00%	0.20%

December 31, 2023

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in the statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of currently active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability / (Asset)

Changes in the County's net pension liability presented below are calculated on the same basis as the plan.

	Increase (Decrease)					
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)-(b)
Balances as of December 31, 2021	\$_	63,236,880	\$_	70,289,788	\$	(7,052,908)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,187,857				1,187,857
Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of economic/demographic gains or		4,755,464				4,755,464
losses		(320,820)				(320,820)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		(020,020)				(020,020)
Refund of contributions		(182,172)		(182,172)		_
Benefit payments		(3,592,635)		(3,592,635)		_
Administrative expenses		(0,002,000)		(37,469)		37,469
Member contributions				628,277		(628,277)
Net investment income				(3,938,501)		3,938,501
Employer contributions				1,012,423		(1,012,423)
Other	_		_	(241,724)		241,724
Balances as of December 31, 2022	\$	65,084,574	\$_	63,937,987	\$	1,146,587

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County calculated using the discount rate of 7.60% as well as what the County net pension liability would have been if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower and 1% higher than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (6.60%)		Current Rate (7.60%)		1% Increase (8.60%)
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$_	72,853,680 63,937,987	\$_	65,084,574 63,937,987	\$_	58,519,918 63,937,987
Net pension liability (asset)	\$_	8,915,693	\$_	1,146,587	\$_	(5,418,069)

Pension Income and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2023, the County recognized total pension expense of \$986,297.

December 31, 2023

As of December 31, 2023, the County reported on the Statement of Net Position deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Outflows	-	Inflows
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	990,149	\$	-
Change of assumptions		-		(106,940)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	_	5,514,277	•	(3,614,456)
Total	\$	6,504,426	\$	(3,721,396)

Deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$990,149 will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2023. Remaining net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions totaling \$1,792,881 will be recognized in pension (income) expense for the years ending December 31, 2024, 2025, and 2026 in the amounts of (\$205,544), \$160,346, and \$1,838,079, respectively.

NOTE 9: DEFERRED OUTFLOWS / INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Note 8 above for a description of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions as of December 31, 2023.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category, which is unavailable revenue from property taxes collected for the following fiscal year. These revenues are to be applied to the following year's budget but were paid in advance by taxpayers. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources when the amounts become available. As of December 31, 2023, unavailable revenue related to property taxes amounted to \$8,262,716. Changes in this account affect the unrestricted net position. See Note 8 above for a description of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as of December 31, 2023.

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; employees' health and life; and natural disasters.

The County manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk of Loss Retained
Torts, errors and omissions	Purchased commercial insurance	None
Workers compensation, health and life	Purchased commercial insurance	None
Physical property loss and natural disasters	Purchased commercial insurance	None

December 31, 2023

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the County. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various County operations, and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's transfer activity:

Transfer From	Transfer To	 Amount		
C.S.C.D.	T.A.I.P.	\$ 10,176		
		\$ 10,176		

NOTE 12: TAX ABATEMENTS

Scurry County negotiates property tax abatement agreements with local businesses individually. All agreements are negotiated under state law (Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code, "Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act"), which allows the County to abate property taxes to any business located inside or outside Scurry County to promote the development/redevelopment of certain contiguous geographic areas within its jurisdiction. Scurry County may grant abatements of up to 100 percent of annual property tax values. Scurry County has four maintenance and operation tax abatement agreements, which are as follows:

- Coyote Wind, LLC, 100% of taxes abated over 10 years, beginning January 2021 and ending December 2030. The abatement amounted to \$1,082,251 of reduced taxes for fiscal year 2023. Scurry County receives \$193,400 per year in consideration of the tax abatement agreement. The purpose of the abatement is to construct and employ a wind power project.
- Dermott Wind, LLC, 100% of taxes abated over 10 years, beginning January 2018 and ending December 2027. The abatement amounted to \$927,216 of reduced taxes for fiscal year 2023. Scurry County receives \$197,340 per year in consideration of the tax abatement agreement. The purpose of the abatement is for the construction and employment of a wind power project.
- Fluvanna Wind Energy, LLC, 100% of taxes abated over 10 years, beginning January 2018 and ending December 2027. The abatement amounted to \$646,776 of reduced taxes for fiscal year 2023. Scurry County receives \$121,220 per year in consideration of the tax abatement agreement. The purpose of the abatement is for the construction and employment of a wind power project.
- Midwest Solar Power, LLC, 100% of taxes abated over 10 years, beginning January 2017 and ending December 2026. The abatement amounted to \$1,263 of reduced taxes for fiscal year 2023. The purpose of the abatement is for the construction and employment of a wind power project.

December 31, 2023

Gopher Creek Wind, LLC, 100% of taxes abated over 10 years, beginning January 2020 and ending December 2029. The abatement amounted to \$62,005 of reduced taxes for fiscal year 2023. Scurry County receives \$117,000 per year in consideration of the tax abatement agreement. The purpose of the abatement is for the construction and employment of a wind power project.

NOTE 13: DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

The law library fund ended with a deficit balance of (\$172,140) as of December 31, 2023. Transfers from the general fund are available to eliminate the fund deficit balances.

NOTE 14: NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

Adopted

In May 2021, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, which improves accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The beginning net position was increased by \$50,616 to reflect the implementation of the standard.

Not Adopted

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, which enhances accounting and financial reporting requirements and accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

The County will fully analyze the impact of these new Statements before the effective dates for the Statements listed above.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES AND PENSION FUNDING SCHEDULES

Required Supplementary Information

<u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND</u>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Variance with

	Budgete	ed A	mounts			Final Budget Positive/
	Original	_	Final	4	Actual Amount	(Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance \$	324,748	\$	324,748	\$	324,748	\$ -
Resources (Inflows): Taxes:						
Sales tax	2,000,000		2,000,000		3,374,105	1,374,105
Property tax	11,753,856		11,753,856		10,228,904	(1,524,952)
Other tax	20,000		20,000		32,873	12,873
Total taxes	13,773,856	-	13,773,856		13,635,882	(137,974)
Grant Revenue	138,700	_	138,700	_	237,319	98,619
Fines and forfeitures:	4 445 000		4 445 000			(07.050)
Miscellaneous fees	1,445,800	-	1,445,800	-	1,418,744	(27,056)
Total fines and forfeitures	1,445,800	-	1,445,800	-	1,418,744	(27,056)
Miscellaneous:						
Interest income	20,000		20,000		590,032	570,032
Miscellaneous	289,400		289,400		448,095	158,695
Total miscellaneous	309,400	-	309,400		1,038,127	728,727
Transfers In		_		-	<u> </u>	
Amounts available for appropriation	15,992,504	_	15,992,504	_	16,654,820	662,316
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):						
General government	2,645,045		3,136,721		2,679,130	457,591
Parks and recreation	1,106,153		1,175,071		1,018,915	156,156
Jail	3,343,782		3,316,713		3,247,115	69,598
Sheriff	1,051,234		1,187,929		1,129,851	58,078
Building maintenance	363,915		397,117		366,143	30,974
Library	453,378		453,378		406,705	46,673
Tax collector	492,275		499,502		495,574	3,928
Commissioners' court	401,734		405,803		392,203	13,600
County clerk	328,725		336,405		331,542	4,863
Health unit	581,475		575,002		515,369	59,633
County attorney	304,378		320,821		318,851	1,970
District clerk	387,094		392,006		378,406	13,600
Justice of the peace #1	258,073		279,870		249,387	30,483
County welfare	162,861		163,615		153,548	10,067
Auditor	289,471		290,052		273,989	16,063
County judge	228,743		230,649		213,626	17,023
Extension service	196,740		204,876		175,800	29,076

<u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)</u>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive/
	Original	Final	Actual Amount	(Negative)
Juvenile star boot camp	238,323	170,636	79,675	90,961
Treasurer	266,761	266,761	252,933	13,828
District attorney	351,362	266,294	216,649	49,645
Juvenile probation	221,543	278,286	158,815	119,471
Court reporter	154,338	154,343	153,611	732
District court	285,996	340,429	329,926	10,503
Supervision	109,426	129,133	101,866	27,267
County and justice court	61,000	63,500	56,450	7,050
Child welfare	8,000	8,000	6,896	1,104
Mental health	9,000	9,000	, -	9,000
District judge	24,750	24,750	16,510	8,240
Department of public safety	64,021	64,470	64,411	59
Boys and girls club	443,341	461,676	445,997	15,679
Senior center	594,055	595,242	579,813	15,429
Justice of the peace #2	251,392	269,706	248,285	21,421
Information technology	115,611	119,578	106,825	12,753
Transfers Out				
Total charges to appropriations	15,793,995	16,587,334	15,164,816	1,422,518
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 198,509	\$ (594,830)	\$ 1,490,004	\$ 2,084,834

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis - General Fund

Note 1: Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared on the same modified cash basis of accounting as applied to the governmental fund in the basic financial statements. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions.

<u>BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND</u>

Variance with

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Budgete	ed Aı	mounts				Final Budget Positive/
	_	Original	_	Final	<u> </u>	ctual Amount	•	(Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	1,453,418	\$	1,453,418	\$	1,453,418	\$	-
Resources (Inflows):								
Property taxes		1,674,806		1,674,806		1,674,806		-
Auto registrations		600,000		600,000		360,051		(239,949)
Tags supplement		170,000		170,000		180,577		10,577
Gross weight and axle fee		60,000		60,000		68,768		8,768
TxDot grant		664,535		664,535		861,682		197,147
Lateral road		2,100		2,100		20,481		18,381
Interest		10,000		10,000		77,912		67,912
Sale of assets		-		-		87,073		87,073
Miscellaneous revenue	_	1,000		1,000	_	9,513		8,513
Total available for appropriation	_	4,635,859		4,635,859	_	4,794,281	•	158,422
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
Combined precincts	_	3,201,341	_	3,817,994	_	3,251,561		566,433
Total charges to appropriations	_	3,201,341	_	3,817,994	_	3,251,561	•	566,433
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$_	1,434,518	\$_	817,865	\$_	1,542,720	\$	724,855

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis - Road and Bridge Fund

Note 1: Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared on the same modified cash basis of accounting as applied to the governmental fund in the basic financial statements. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLAN

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years *

	Measureme 12/31/20		Measurement Date 12/31/2021	Measurement Date 12/31/2020		Measurement Date 12/31/2019	N	Measurement Date 12/31/2018	1	Measurement Date 12/31/2017	N	Measurement Date 12/31/2016	N	Measurement Date 12/31/2015	Me	easurement Date 12/31/2014
Total Pension Liability:					_				_							
Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes		7,857 5,464	4,609,050	4,469,688	\$	955,793 4,306,200	\$	985,740 4,131,567	\$	1,067,518 3,934,827	\$	1,090,885 3,743,673	\$	1,043,141 3,590,832 (152,872)	\$	957,266 3,437,492
Effect of assumption or plan changes Effect of economic / demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments / refunds of contributions		0,820) 4,807)	(450,285) 127,244 (3,328,105)	3,100,060 (123,948) (3,052,328)		(340,335) (2,923,898)	_	(142,267) (2,659,516)	_	321,704 (183,689) (2,601,004)	_	(422,617) (2,569,041)	_	573,884 (349,140) (2,700,241)	_	(180,991) (2,443,144)
Net change in total pension liability	1,84	7,694	2,165,628	5,432,839		1,997,760	_	2,315,524	_	2,539,356	_	1,842,900	_	2,005,604	_	1,770,623
Total pension liability, beginning	63,23	6,880	61,071,252	55,638,413		53,640,653	_	51,325,129	_	48,785,773	_	46,942,873	_	44,937,269	_	43,166,647
Total pension liability, ending (a)	65,08	4,574	63,236,880	61,071,252		55,638,413	_	53,640,653	_	51,325,129	_	48,785,773	_	46,942,873		44,937,270
Fiduciary Net Position:																
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of investment expenses Benefit payments / refunds of contributions Administrative expenses Other	6; (3,9; (3,7; (3,7;	2,423 8,277 8,501) 4,807) 7,469) 1,724)	863,520 628,340 12,829,655 (3,328,105) (38,028) (35,902)	898,848 610,275 5,708,531 (3,052,328) (43,442) (40,185)))	775,444 575,620 8,034,459 (2,923,898) (42,132) (46,147)	_	710,247 544,550 (972,677) (2,659,516) (39,289) (36,691)	_	697,264 554,641 6,702,580 (2,601,004) (34,162) (18,402)	_	718,868 575,753 3,269,822 (2,569,041) (35,616) (247,272)	_	718,452 553,768 66,895 (2,700,241) (32,354) 62,748		730,381 553,424 2,990,133 (2,443,144) (34,533) (116,554)
Net change in fiduciary net position	(6,3	1,801)	10,919,480	4,081,699		6,373,346	_	(2,453,376)	_	5,300,917	_	1,712,514	_	(1,330,732)	_	1,679,707
Fiduciary net position, beginning	70,28	9,788	59,370,308	55,288,609		48,915,263	_	51,368,639	_	46,067,722	_	44,355,208	_	45,685,940	_	44,006,234
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	63,93	7,987	70,289,788	59,370,308		55,288,609	_	48,915,263	_	51,368,639	_	46,067,722	_	44,355,208		45,685,941
Net pension liability (asset), ending ((a) - (b))	\$1,14	6,587	\$ (7,052,908)	\$1,700,944	\$	349,804	\$	4,725,390	\$	(43,510)	\$	2,718,051	\$	2,587,665	\$	(748,671)
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	9	8.24%	111.15%	97.21%)	99.37%		91.19%		100.08%		94.43%		94.49%		101.67%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 8,9	5,387	\$ 8,976,289	\$ 8,718,221	\$	8,223,149	\$	7,779,280	\$	7,923,440	\$	8,225,039	\$	7,910,965	\$	7,906,060
Net pension liability / (asset) as a % of covered payroll		2.77%	-78.57%	19.51%)	4.25%		60.74%		-0.55%		33.05%		32.71%		-9.47%

^{*} A full 10-year schedule will be displayed as it becomes available

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLAN

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

Period Ending December 31, (Measurement Date)	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	730,381	730,381	-	7,906,060	9.24%
2015	716,733	718,452	(1,719)	7,910,965	9.08%
2016	718,868	718,868	-	8,225,039	8.74%
2017	697,264	697,264	-	7,923,440	8.80%
2018	710,247	710,247	-	7,779,280	9.13%
2019	775,444	775,444	-	8,223,149	9.43%
2020	898,848	898,848	-	8,718,221	10.31%
2021	863,520	863,520	-	8,976,289	9.62%
2022	1,012,457	1,012,457	-	8,975,680	11.28%
2023	990,149	990,149	-	9,484,186	10.44%

Notes to Schedule of Contributions:

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two

years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age (level percentage of pay) Level percentage of payroll, closed Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period 17.8 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/22 valuation) Asset Valuation Method 5 year smoothed market Inflation 2.50% Salary Increases Varies by age and service with a 4.7% average over career including inflation Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative investment expenses, including inflation Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% of the RP-2014 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010. Changes in Assumptions and 2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected Methods Reflected in the Schedule 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected of Employer Contributions 2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected 2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected Changes in Plan Provisions 2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule Reflected in the Schedule 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions 2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017 2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule 2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule 2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule 2022: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule

^{**} Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Other Information

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET- MODIFIED CASH BASIS -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2023

		Board of County evelopment	Å	Abandoned Vehicle		Juvenile Probation		Friends of the Library		Friends of Boys & Girls Club	_	Library PAC-HUG Grant	_	Law Library		Justice Court Fechnology	N	Records //anagement		ourthouse Security		J.P. Court Building Security
<u>ASSETS</u>																						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,091	\$	8,734	\$ _	71,199	\$	46,966	\$	7,847	\$	200	\$		\$	5,552	\$	649,471	\$	27,144	\$	9,226
Total Assets	\$	25,091	\$	8,734	\$_	71,199	\$_	46,966	\$_	7,847	\$_	200	\$		\$_	5,552	\$_	649,471	\$_	27,144	\$	9,226
<u>LIABILITIES</u>																						
Unearned revenue Other liabilities	\$		\$ 		\$_	87	\$_		\$_	1,413	\$_		\$_	172,140	\$_		\$	(2,220)	\$		\$	
Total Liabilities	\$		\$_		\$_	87	\$_		\$_	1,413	\$_	-	\$_	172,140	\$_		\$_	(2,220)	\$_		\$	
Fund Balances: Restricted Committed	\$	25,091	\$	8,734	\$	71,112	\$	46.066	\$	6.424	\$	200	\$	(172,140)	\$	5,552	\$	651,691	\$	27,144	\$	9,226
Assigned			_		_		-	46,966	-	6,434	-		-		_		_		_		_	
Total Fund Balance	_	25,091	_	8,734	_	71,112	_	46,966	_	6,434	-	200	_	(172,140)	_	5,552	_	651,691	_	27,144	_	9,226
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	25,091	\$	8,734	\$_	71,199	\$_	46,966	\$_	7,847	\$_	200	\$	-	\$_	5,552	\$_	649,471	\$	27,144	\$	9,226

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS <u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET- MODIFIED CASH BASIS</u> -

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2023

<u>ASSETS</u>	_	T.A.I.P.		C.S.C.D.		C.C.P.	-	L.E.O.S.E.	_	Senior Center Memorial	_	Help America Vote	_	Lone Star Grant		Law Enforcement Debt Service		County and District Court Tech	G _	Total Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	78,914	\$	39,537	\$	13,649	\$	8,707	\$	34,516 300,000	\$_	39,529	\$	1,454	\$ _	446,120	\$ _	54,461	\$ _	1,122,197 300,000 446,120
Total Assets	\$_	78,914	\$_	39,537	\$_	13,649	\$	8,707	\$_	334,516	\$_	39,529	\$_	1,454	\$_	446,120	\$_	54,461	\$_	1,868,317
Unearned revenue Other liabilities	\$_		\$		\$		\$		\$_		\$_	16,916	\$_		\$ _		\$_		\$_	16,916 171,420
Total Liabilities	\$_	_	\$_	-	\$_	_	\$	-	\$_		\$_	16,916	\$_		\$_	_	\$_	_	\$_	188,336
Fund Balances: Restricted Committed Assigned	\$	78,914	\$	39,537	\$	13,649	\$	8,707	\$_	334,516	\$	22,613	\$	1,454	\$	446,120	\$	54,461	\$	1,266,974 25,091 387,916
Total Fund Balance	_	78,914	_	39,537	_	13,649	_	8,707	_	334,516	_	22,613	_	1,454	_	446,120	_	54,461	_	1,679,981
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	78,914	\$_	39,537	\$	13,649	\$	8,707	\$_	334,516	\$_	39,529	\$_	1,454	\$_	446,120	\$_	54,461	\$	1,868,317

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

REVENUES:	Board of County Development	,	Abandoned Vehicle	_	Juvenile Probation	Friend the Lil		Boy	iends of s & Girls Club	Libra PAC-l Gra	łÚG		Law ibrary	lustice Court chnology		Records nagement		Courthouse Security	В	P. Court uilding ecurity
REVENUES: Taxes	\$	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	
State and federal grants Fines and fees Interest Other			436		126,239 1,396 264		,304		738 19,134				13,602	7,420		112,904		15,345		371
Total Revenues	_	_	436	_	127,899		,575	_	19,872			_	13,602	 7,420	_	112,904	· <u> </u>	15,345	_	371
EXPENDITURES:																				
Current: General government Health and welfare Judicial and legal Public safety					90,955				22,769				48,541	8,772		97,691		9,911		15
Public facilities						9	,075													
Debt Service: Principal retired Interest Certificates of obligation administration expense				_																
Total Expenditures		_		_	90,955	9	,075		22,769				48,541	 8,772		97,691		9,911		15
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures		_	436	_	36,944	4	,500		(2,897)				(34,939)	 (1,352)		15,213	_	5,434		356
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES): Transfers in (out)		_		_										 			. <u> </u>			
Excess (Deficit) Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Financing Uses			436	_	36,944	4	,500		(2,897)				(34,939)	(1,352)		15,213		5,434		356
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	25,091	_	8,298	_	34,168	42	,466		9,331		200	(137,201)	 6,904		636,478		21,710		8,870
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 25,091	\$_	8,734	\$_	71,112	\$ 46	,966	\$	6,434	\$	200	\$(172,140)	\$ 5,552	\$	651,691	\$	27,144	\$	9,226

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES MODIFIED CASH BASIS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

REVENUES:		T.A.I.P.	_	C.S.C.D.		C.C.P.	_	L.E.O.S.E.	_	Senior Center Memorial	-	Help America Vote	e Star irant		Law Enforcement Debt Service		County and District Court Tech	-	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Taxes State and federal grants Fines and fees Interest Other	\$	353,316	\$	128,229 133,550 2,099 429	\$	53,046 42,364	\$	2,250	\$	6,061 72,246	\$		\$	\$	914,905 18,556	\$	44,752	\$	914,905 663,080 329,340 30,458 145,444
Total Revenues	_	353,316	_	264,307		95,410	_	2,250	_	78,307	_	<u> </u>	-	_	933,461	_	44,752	_	2,083,227
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Health and welfare Judicial and legal Public safety Public facilities		355,254		247,767		95,269		1,943		98,656							3,051		107,602 121,425 849,624 1,943 9,075
Debt Service: Principal retired Interest Certificates of obligation administration expense	·		-				_		_		_				710,000 206,625 2,500	_		_	710,000 206,625 2,500
Total Expenditures	_	355,254	-	247,767	_	95,269	_	1,943	_	98,656	_		 	_	919,125	_	3,051	_	2,008,794
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures		(1,938)	-	16,540		141_	_	307	_	(20,349)	_	<u>-</u>	 		14,336	_	41,701	_	74,433
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES): Transfers in (out)	_	10,176	-	(10,176)			_		_		_					_		_	<u>-</u> .
Excess (Deficit) Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Financing Uses		8,238	-	6,364		141_	_	307	_	(20,349)	_		 _		14,336	_	41,701	_	74,433
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	_	70,676	-	33,173		13,508	_	8,400	_	354,865	_	22,613	 1,454	_	431,784	_	12,760	_	1,605,548
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	78,914	\$	39,537	\$	13,649	\$_	8,707	\$_	334,516	\$	22,613	\$ 1,454	\$	446,120	\$_	54,461	\$_	1,679,981

<u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION</u> <u>MODIFIED CASH BASIS - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS</u>

December 31, 2023

ASSETS:	-	Scurry County Golf Course		Hermleigh Water Works	Total Non-Major Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$	243,669 1,443	\$	116,270	\$ 359,939 1,443
Total Current Assets		245,112		116,270	361,382
Noncurrent:					
Net pension asset		(9,535)			(9,535)
Capital assets:		(3,333)			(3,333)
Property, plant and equipment		1,049,619		801,840	1,851,459
				•	
Less: accumulated depreciation	-	(452,791)		(790,381)	(1,243,172)
Total Noncurrent Assets	-	587,293		11,459	598,752
TOTAL ASSETS	-	832,405		127,729	960,134
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		54,092			54,092
Deletted outflows of resources related to perisions	-	34,032	-		34,032
TOTALED DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	54,092			54,092
LIABILITIES:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		4,599			4,599
Customer deposits		4,599		18,932	18,932
•		20.464		10,932	
Right-of-use lease obligation - current	-	30,161			30,161
Total Current Liabilities	-	34,760		18,932	53,692
Noncurrent liabilities:					
		22 407			22.407
Right-of-use lease obligation	-	32,487			32,487
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		32,487			32,487
Total Noticulient Elabilities	-	32,407	-		32,407
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	67,247		18,932	86,179
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		30,947			30,947
TOTALED DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	30,947	-		30,947
NET BOOKEON					
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets		534,180		11,459	545,639
Unrestricted	_	254,123		97,338	351,461
	-			_	_
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	788,303	\$	108,797	\$ 897,100

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Scurry County Golf Course	Hermleigh Water Works	Total Non-Major Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:			_
Service revenue \$		\$	\$ -
Fees	79,347		79,347
Cart shed rentals	42,693		42,693
Membership dues	88,005		88,005
Total Operating Revenues	210,045		210,045
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Wages and salaries	80,436		80,436
Payroll taxes	5,942		5,942
Employee benefits	8,530		8,530
Depreciation expense	59,020	4,870	63,890
Utilities	3,040		3,040
Supplies	51,255		51,255
Repairs	56,892	1,624	58,516
Fuel	6,558		6,558
Medical insurance	24,131		24,131
Contract labor			0
Professional services	168,000		168,000
Other	56,469	785	57,254
Total Operating Expenses	520,273	7,279	527,552
Operating Loss	(310,228)	(7,279)	(317,507)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES:			
Ad valorem taxes	368,452		368,452
Miscellaneous income	21,378	6,126	27,504
Pension income	2,087		2,087
Change in Net Position	81,689	(1,153)	80,536
Net Position - Beginning	706,614	109,950	816,564
Net Position - Ending	788,303	\$ 108,797	\$ 897,100

<u>COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS</u> <u>MODIFIED CASH BASIS - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS</u>

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	_	Scurry County Golf Course		Hermleigh Water Works	Total Non-Major Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees	\$	210,045 (94,908)	\$	-	\$ 210,045 (94,908)
Cash paid to suppliers	-	(365,446)		(2,409)	(367,855)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	_	(250,309)		(2,409)	(252,718)
CASH FLOWS NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Miscellaneous receipts Ad valorem tax receipts	_	21,378 368,452		6,126	27,504 368,452
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities	_	389,830	•	6,126	395,956
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	G				
Payments on notes payable Purchase of capital assets	_	(28,002) (8,539)			(28,002) (8,539)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(36,541)			(36,541)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	_	102,980	•	3,717	106,697
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	140,689		112,553	253,242
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	243,669	\$	116,270	\$ 359,939
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:					
Operating Loss	\$	(310,228)	\$	(7,279)	\$ (317,507)
Increase in accounts payable Depreciation and amortization	_	899 59,020		4,870	899 63,890
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$_	(250,309)	\$	(2,409)	\$ (252,718)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2023

400570	CJC, LEETA, CVCA Fund	Property Tax Fund	Highway Tax Fund	District Clerk Fund	County Clerk Fund	Justice of the Peace Fund	Sheriff Inmate Fund	County Attorney	District Attorney	Community Supervision & Corrections	Sheriff Commissary Fund	Minors Escrow Fund	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 78,261 \$ 	1,280,275 \$	91,966	\$ 1,482,108	109,511	618 \$	8,021	\$ 9,641 S	137,337 \$	23,620	59,727	\$ 51,675 \$	3,332,760 2,741,034
Total Assets	2,819,295	1,280,275	91,966	1,482,108	109,511	618	8,021	9,641	137,337	23,620	59,727	51,675	6,073,794
NET POSITION:													
Restricted for agencies	\$ 2,819,295 \$	1,280,275 \$	91,966	\$ <u>1,482,108</u> \$	\$ <u>109,511</u> \$	618	8,021	\$ <u>9,641</u>	137,337 \$	23,620	59,727	\$ <u>51,675</u> \$	6,073,794

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

MODIFIED CASH BASIS - FIDUCIARY FUNDS

December 31, 2023

	CJC, LEETA, CVCA Fund	Property Tax Fund	Highway Tax Fund	District Clerk Fund	County Clerk Fund	Justice of the Peace Fund	Sheriff Inmate Fund	County Attorney	District Attorney	Community Supervision & Corrections	Sheriff Commissary Fund	Minors Escrow Fund	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS: Private contributions	\$ 2,819,295 \$	60,923,726 \$	6,477,491 \$	1,480,352 \$	364,952 \$	21,181 \$	252,446 \$	10,032 \$	46,235 \$	318,933	\$ 41,783 \$	\$	72,756,426
Total Additions	2,819,295	60,923,726	6,477,491	1,480,352	364,952	21,181	252,446	10,032	46,235	318,933	41,783		72,756,426
DEDUCTIONS Recipient payments	2,691,665	60,809,533	6,515,463	293,617	375,960	21,040	249,313	10,336	24,155	332,225	51,173	<u> </u>	71,374,480
Total Deductions	2,691,665	60,809,533	6,515,463	293,617	375,960	21,040	249,313	10,336	24,155	332,225	51,173		71,374,480
Net increase (decrease) in net position	127,630	114,193	(37,972)	1,186,735	(11,008)	141	3,133	(304)	22,079	(13,292)	(9,390)	-	1,381,945
Net position - beginning	2,691,665	1,166,082	129,938	295,373	120,519	477	4,888	9,945	115,258	36,912	69,117	51,675	4,691,849
Net position - ending	\$ 2,819,295 \$	1,280,275 \$	91,966 \$	1,482,108 \$	109,511 \$	618 \$	8,021 \$	9,641 \$	137,337 \$	23,620	\$ 59,727 \$	51,675 \$	6,073,794





302 Pine Street PO Box 2993 Abilene, Texas 79604-2993 Phone 325-677-6251 Fax 325-677-0006 www.condley.cpa

June 14, 2024

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Comprising the Commissioners' Court of Scurry County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Scurry County, Texas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Scurry County, Texas' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 14, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Scurry County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scurry County, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scurry County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such\$ that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Scurry County, Texas' financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests

disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Scurry County, Texas' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Condly and Company, L.L.P.



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June 14, 2024

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners Comprising the Commissioners' Court of Scurry County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Compliance for each Major State Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with the Texas Grant Management Standards

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited Scurry County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts *Texas Grant Management Standards* (TxGMS) that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major state programs for the year ended December 31, 2023. The County's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the TxGMS. Our responsibilities under those standards and the TxGMS are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance Section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS,

Government Auditing Standards, and the TxGMS will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the TxGMS, we:

- Exercise reasonable judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the TxGMS but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that we have not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the TxGMS. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Condley and Company, L.L.P.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

	Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued?	<u>Unmodified</u>				
	Internal control over financial reporting:					
	One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X No			
	One of more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported			
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X No			
	State Awards Internal control over major programs:					
	One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	X No			
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X None Reported			
Type of program	auditor's report issued on compliance for major as:	<u>Unmodified</u>				
reported	dit findings disclosed that are required to be d in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	X No			
Identifica	ation of major programs:					
Assistance Listing Number(s) n/a – State		Name of State Program or Cluster Texas Department of Transportation				
	nreshold used to distinguish between type A and programs:	\$750,000 for state programs				
Auditee	qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	X No			

B. Financial Statement Findings

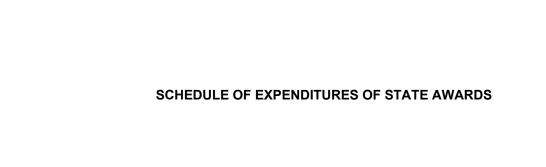
The results of our audit procedures disclosed no findings to be reported for the year ended December 31, 2023.

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

The results of our procedures disclosed no findings to be reported for the year ended December 31, 2023.

SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS <u>SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS</u> For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

None



SCURRY COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Pass-Through			
State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/	Grantor's		ed Through	Even am dituma a
Grant Number / Program Title	Number	เอ รเ	ubrecipients	Expenditures
EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS				
OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR OF TEXAS				
Passed Through the Criminal Justice Division Criminal Justice Equipment	4671901	\$	\$	58,303
TOTAL OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR OF TEXAS	467 1901	Ф	Ф	58,303
				50,303
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	OTIF 02 200			002 550
County Transportation Infrastructure Fund Grant Program Airport RAMP Grant	CTIF-02-208 M2308SNYD			993,550 10,040
'	W23003N1D			
TOTAL TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION			-	1,003,590
TEXAS PARK AND WILDLIFE DEPARTMENT	04 0004000			47.000
Recreational Trails Program RTS-22011	CA-0004983			17,293
TOTAL TEXAS PARK AND WILDLIFE DEPARTMENT				17,293
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF JUDICIARY				
County Emergency Reimbursement				67,200
TOTAL TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF JUDICIARY			-	67,200
TEVAS INDICENT DEFENSE COMMISSION				
TEXAS INDIGENT DEFENSE COMMISSION Court costs				24,608
TOTAL TEXAS INDIGENT DEFENSE COMMISSION				24,608
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS				
County Emergency Reimbursement				56,544
TOTAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS				56,544
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE				
Passed Through Community Justice Assistance Division				
Texas Treatment Alternatives to Incarceration Program				350,603
Texas Juvenile Justice Department				88,107
Community Supervision and Corrections Department				156,726
TOTAL TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE			-	595,436
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS		\$	\$	1,822,974

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

Year Ended August 31, 2023

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state awards includes the state grant activity of the County under programs of the state government for the year ended December 31, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the *Texas Grant Management Standards*. All state awards received directly from state agencies as well as awards passed through other government agencies are included in the schedule. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the consolidated financial position, consolidated changes in net assets or consolidated cash flows of the County.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures of state awards are recognized following the cost principles contained in the *Texas Grant Management Standards* (TxGMS), wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate

Since the County has an approved allocation plan, it has elected not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as permitted in the TxGMS.

Note 4: State Award Guidelines

State awards are subject to the TxGMS. Such guidelines are consistent with those required under the Single Audit Act of 1996, the Uniform Guidance and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Note 5: Subrecipients

The County does not pass any of their state funding to subrecipients.